### 1. *Odyssey* 15.387–388

ἄνδρες δυσμενέες νηυσὶν λάβον ἠδ' ἐπέρασσαν τοῦδ' ἀνδρὸς πρὸς δώμαθ', ὁ δ' ἄξιον ὧνον ἔδωκε.

...did hostile men take you in ships and cross you over to the house of this man, and he gave a worthy price?

### 2. *Odyssey* 15.427–429

ἀλλά μ' ἀνήρπαξαν Τάφιοι ληΐστορες ἄνδρες ἀγρόθεν ἐρχομένην, πέρασαν δέ με δεῦρ' ἀγαγόντες τοῦδ' ἀνδρὸς πρὸς δώμαθ'· ὁ δ' ἄξιον ὧνον ἔδωκε.

But Taphian pirate-men seized me as I was coming from the field, and sold me, bringing me here to the house of this man: and he gave a worthy price.

#### 3. Mark 7:24-30

24 Ἐκεῖθεν δὲ ἀναστὰς ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὰ ὅρια Τύρου [καὶ Σιδῶνος]. καὶ εἰσελθὼν εἰς οἰκίαν οὐδένα ἤθελεν γνῶναι, καὶ οὐκ ἠδυνήθη  $\lambda \alpha$ θεῖν· 25  $\dot{\alpha}\lambda\lambda'$ εὐθὺς ἀκούσασα γυνὴ περὶ αὐτοῦ, ῆς εἶχεν τὸ θυγάτριον αὐτῆς πνεῦμα ἀκάθαρτον, ἐλθοῦσα προσέπεσεν πρὸς τοὺς πόδας αὐτοῦ· 26 ἡ δὲ γυνὴ ἦν Έλληνίς, Συροφοινίκισσα τῷ γένει· καὶ ἠρώτα αὐτὸν ἵνα τὸ <u>δαιμόνιον</u> ἐκβάλη ἐκ τῆς θυγατρὸς αὐτῆς. 27 καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτῆ· ἄφες πρῶτον χορτασθῆναι τὰ τέκνα, οὐ γάο καλόν ἐστιν λαβεῖν τὸν ἄρτον τὧν τέκνων καὶ τοῖς <u>κυναρίοις</u> βαλεῖν. 28 ἡ δὲ ἀπεκρίθη καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ. Κύριε, καὶ τὰ κυνάρια ὑποκάτω τῆς τραπέζης ἐσθίουσιν ἀπὸ τῶν ψιχίων τῶν <u>παιδίων</u>. 29 καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῆ· Διὰ τοῦτον τὸν λόγον ὕπαγε, έξελήλυθεν ἐκ τῆς θυγατρός σου τὸ δαιμόνιον. 30 καὶ ἀπελθοῦσα εἰς τὸν οἶκον αὐτῆς εὖρεν τὸ <u>παιδίον</u> βεβλημένον ἐπὶ τὴν κλίνην καὶ τὸ δαιμόνιον ἐξεληλυθός.

24 And from there he arose and went away to the region of Tyre and Sidon. And he entered a house and did not want anyone to know, yet he could not be hidden. 25 But immediately a woman whose little daughter had an unclean spirit heard of him and came and fell down at his feet. 26 Now the woman was a Gentile [Έλληνίς], a Syrophoenician by birth. And she begged him to cast the demon out of her daughter. 27 And he said to her, "Let the children be fed first, for it is not right to take the children's bread and throw it to the dogs." 28 But she answered him, "Yes, Lord; yet even the dogs under the table eat the children's crumbs." 29 And he said to her, "For this statement you may go your way; the demon has left your daughter." 30 And she went home and found the child lying in bed and the demon gone. [slightly modified **English Standard Version** 

# 4. **1 Kings 17:8-10, Elijah and the widow of Sarepta** (NETS translation of Septuagint by McLean and Taylor)

(8) καὶ ἐγένετο ὁῆμα κυρίου πρὸς Ηλιου (9) Ἀνάστηθι καὶ πορεύου εἰς Σαρεπτα τῆς Σιδωνίας· ἰδοὺ ἐντέταλμαι ἐκεῖ γυναικὶ χήρα τοῦ διατρέφειν σε. (10) καὶ ἀνέστη καὶ ἐπορεύθη εἰς Σαρεπτα εἰς τὸν πυλῶνα τῆς πόλεως, καὶ ἰδοὺ ἐκεῖ γυνὴ χήρα συνέλεγεν ξύλα·

8 And a <u>word of the Lord</u> came to Eliou, 9 "<u>Arise, and go to Sarepta of Sidonia</u>; behold, I have commanded a widow there to feed you."

10 And he arose and went to Sarepta, to the gateway of the town, and behold a widow was there gathering sticks, ...

### **Genesis 38, Judah and Tamar** (NETS trans. of Septuagint by Hiebert, slight rev.)

37:26 Then Ioudas said to his brothers, "What advantage is it if we kill our brother and conceal his blood? 27 Come, let us sell him to these Ismaelites, but let our hands not be upon him, because he is our brother and our flesh." And his brothers listened. 28 And some Madienite traders were passing by, and they drew out and brought up Ioseph from the pit and sold Ioseph to the Ismaelites for twenty gold pieces, and they brought Ioseph down to Egypt. ... 31 Then taking Ioseph's tunic, they slaughtered a kid of the goats and stained the tunic with the blood. 32 And they sent the variegated tunic, and they brought it in to their father and said, "This we have found; recognize whether it is your son's tunic or not." 33 And he recognized it and said, "It is my son's tunic! An evil animal has devoured him, an animal has seized Ioseph." ...

38:1 Now it came about at that time that Ioudas went down from his brothers and came as far as to a certain Odollamite. ... [Judah has 3 sons, marrying the first to Tamar; the first 2 sons die...] 11 Then Ioudas said to his daughter-in-law Thamar, "Stay as a widow in the house of your father until my son Selom becomes full-grown"—for he said, "Lest perhaps he too should die just like his brothers." And Thamar, after she had departed, stayed in the house of her father. 12 Now the days were multiplied, and the wife of Ioudas, Saua, died, and after Ioudas had been comforted, he went up to Thamna to those shearing his sheep, he and his shepherd Hiras the Odollamite. 13 And it was reported to his daughter-in-law Thamar—they were saying—"See, your father-in-law is going up to Thamna to shear his sheep." 14 And taking off from herself the garments of her widowhood, she clothed herself with a light summer garment and adorned herself and sat down near the gates of Ainan, which is on the way past Thamna, for she saw that Selom had become full-grown, yet he did not give her to him as a wife. 15 And when <u>Ioudas saw her he thought she was a prostitute, for she had covered her face, and he did not</u> recognize her. 16 Then he turned aside to her from the way and said to her, "Allow me to come in to you," for he did not know that she was his daughter-in-law. And she said, "What will you give me, if you come in to me?" 17 And he said, "I will send to you a kid of the goats from the flocks. "And she said, "If you give a pledge until you send it." 18 And he said, "What pledge shall I give to you?" And she said, "Your ring and your small necklace and the staff that is in your hand." And he gave them to her and went in to her, and she became pregnant by him. 19 And getting up she went away and took off from herself her light summer garment and put on the garments of her widowhood. ... 24 Now it came about after a period of three months that it was reported to Ioudas—they were saying—"Your daughter-in-law Thamar has played the whore, and see, she is with child by whoredom." Then Ioudas said, "Bring her out, and let her be burned." 25 But as she was being brought she sent to her father-in-law, saying, "By the man whose things these are, I am with child." And she said, "Recognize whose is the ring and the small necklace and this staff." 26 Then Ioudas recognized them and said, "Thamar has been justified rather than I, inasmuch as I did not give her to my son Selom." And he did not continue to know her anymore. ...

39:1 Now Ioseph was <u>brought down</u> to Egypt...

#### Notes

38:25-26 Ἐπίγνωθι, [haker-na] τίνος ὁ δακτύλιος καὶ ὁ ὁρμίσκος καὶ ἡ ὁάβδος αὕτη. ἐπέγνω [vayaker] δὲ Ιουδας...

- echoing 37:32-33 ἐπίγνωθι εἰ χιτὼν τοῦ υἱοῦ σού ἐστιν ἢ οὔ. καὶ ἐπέγνω...

Alter p. 10 "The Holy One Praised be He said to Judah, 'You deceived your father with a kid. By your life, Tamar will deceive you with a kid.' ... The Holy One Praised be He said to Judah, 'You said to your father, *haker-na*. By your life, Tamar will say to you, *haker-na*" (Bereishit Rabba 84:11, 12)

### **6. Philo,** *On the Unchangeableness of God,* **131-138** (Loeb trans.)

μεμίμηται δὲ τοῦτο καὶ ἡ ἐν ταῖς βασιλείαις ἐντυγχάνουσα τῶ προφήτη γυνή <χήρα> (III Reg. 17, 10) χήρα δ' ἐστίν, οὐχ ἥν φαμεν ἡμεῖς, ὅταν ἀνδρὸς ἐρήμη γένηται, ἀλλὰ τῷ χηρεύειν τῶν Φθειρόντων καὶ λυμαινομένων παθῶν τὴν διάνοιαν, ὥσπερ καὶ ή παρὰ (137) Μωυσῆ Θάμαρ· καὶ γὰρ ταύτη προστέτακται χηρευούση καθέζεσθαι έν τῷ τοῦ μόνου καὶ σωτῆρος οἴκω πατρός (Gen. 38, 11), δι' δν ἀεὶ καταλιποῦσα τὰς τῶν θνητῶν συνουσίας καὶ όμιλίας ἠρήμωται μὲν καὶ κεχήρευκεν ἀνθρωπίνων ήδονῶν, παραδέχεται δὲ θείαν γονὴν καὶ πληφουμένη τῶν ἀφετῆς σπερμάτων κυοφορεῖ καὶ ἀδίνει καλὰς πράξεις∙ (5) ᾶς ὅταν ἀποτέκη, τὰ κατὰ τῶν ἀντιπάλων αἴρεται βραβεῖα καὶ νικηφόρος άναγράφεται σύμβολον ἐπιφερομένη φοίνικα τῆς νίκης Θάμαρ γὰρ (138) έρμηνεύεται φοῖνιξ. λέγει δὲ πρὸς τὸν προφήτην πᾶσα διάνοια χήρα καὶ ἐρήμη κακῶν μέλλουσα γίνεσθαι· ,,ἄνθρωπε τοῦ θεοῦ, εἰσῆλθες πρὸς μὲ ἀναμνῆσαι τὸ ἀδίκημά μου καὶ τὸ άμάρτημά μου" (ΙΙΙ Reg. 17, 18)· εἰσελθὼν γὰρ εἰς τὴν ψυχὴν ὁ ἔνθους οὖτος καὶ κατεσχημένος ἐξ ἔρωτος ὀλυμπίου καὶ διηρεθισμένος τοῖς τῆς θεοφορήτου μανίας...

XXIX. We have a parallel to this in the widow in the Book of Kings who discourses with the prophet (1) Kings xvii.10). She is a widow, not in our sense of the word, when the wife has lost her husband, but because she is widowed of the passions which corrupt and maltreat the mind, like Tamar in the books of Moses. Tamar was bidden to remain a widow in the house of her father, her one and only saviour (Gen. xxxviii.11), for whose sake she has left for ever the intercourse and society of mortals, and remained desolate and widowed of human pleasures. Thus she receives the divine impregnation, and, being filled with the seeds of virtue, bears them in her womb and is in travail with noble actions. And when she has brought them to birth, she wins the meed of conquest over her adversaries, and is enrolled as victor with the palm as the symbol of her victory. For Tamar is by interpretation a palm. [To return to the Book of Kings.] Every mind that is on the way to be widowed and empty of evil says to the prophet, "O man of God, thou hast come in to remind me of my iniquity and my sin" (1 Kings xvii.18). For when he, the God-inspired, has entered the soul—he who is mastered by celestial yearning, stirred to his very depth by the irresistible goads of god-sent frenzy...

## 7. Table of shared elements

Phoenissa Odyssey 15	Syrophoenician woman	widow of	Tamar Genesis 38
	Mark 7.24-30	Zarephthah/Sarepta I Kings 17	
female outsider	female outsider	female outsider	female outsider?
(/kidnapper!)			
Phoenician	Phoenician [note affiliations of	Phoenician (Sarepta in	Canaanite? not clear in Gen.;
	"Syrophoenician" with	Sidonia)	name means "palm"
	prostitution; Standaert] sick child on bed	: 1 1:11 1 1/ 10)	
[no bed - but context is sex]		sick child on bed (verse 19) (after feeding miracle)	[tricking Judah into sex]
[Something similar could	Jesus disgusted with everyone	Elijah disgusted. Context =	Judah goes down to Canaan,
be said of Odysseus here but.]	(long list of sins)	culmination of sinfulness, Ahab/Jezebel (Phoenician)	perhaps disgusted with everybody
Puzzling why we are	Jesus up and goes to Tyre for	God sends Elijah to Sarepta	but for no ostensible
going to extreme "turnings of sun" location	no reason	(in Phoenicia) for no reason	reason (awkwardness noted by all commentators)
hero in disguise (but	Jesus wants to stay hidden -		Tamar in disguise
recognized?)	but recognized		, and the second
	bread οὐ γάο καλόν ἐστιν	bits of bread - vss 11-12	
	λαβεῖν τον ἄρτον τῶν τέκνων	ψωμὸν ἄρτου handful of	
	crumbs τῶν ψιχίων	meal, δοὰξ ἀλεύοου	
tossing hero's word back	tossing hero's word back at		tossing hero's word back at
at him	him		him [+ signet etc.]
	pointed comment about "the	pointed comment about "the	
	word" (logos)	word" (8 ὁῆμα Κυρίου; 13	
	( ) M 1 ( 10	κατὰ τὸ ὁῆμά σου 24)	
	context in Mark 6 and 8 = miracles of bread	miraculous amounts of	
	feeding 7:27 χορτασθῆναι	bread feeding - vs 9 God sends	
	leeding 7.27 χουτασσηναι	Elijah there for a widow to	
	dogs actually ἐσθίουσιν	feed him διατρέφειν	
	feeding "first"	Elijah tells her to feed him	which baby came out "first"
	recuming their	bread "first" (v. 13), herself and her children "last"	(v 28)
	ἀναστὰς ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὰ ὅρια	9 Άνάστηθι καὶ πορεύου εἰς	38.1 κατέβη Ιουδας ἀπὸ τῶν
	Τύρου) vs 31 Καὶ πάλιν	Σάφεπτα τῆς Σειδωνίας	ἀδελφῶν αὐτοῦ 38.12
	έξελθών ἐκ τῶν ὁρίων Τύρου	10 καὶ ἀνέστη καὶ	Ιουδας ἀνέβη
	ἦλθεν διὰ Σιδῶνος	ἐποφεύθη εἰς Σάφεπτα	
slavery/ escaping slavery			Joseph has been sold into
— paying price for			slavery; payment for
human being			Tamar's body
	claiming right to healing		claiming the
	(Christian interp Gentile		birthright/covenant - like
DI . 1.1.1.	mission)		other Ğenesis stories
Phoenissa hides things in			deception by means of cloak
her cloak	table		
tables	table		modelaga Sourigues 10 25
necklace 15.460 ὄομον			necklace ὁρμίσκος, vv 18, 25

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