5

15

I. Trebius' Cheap Cups

1. Juvenal, Satire 5.24-29

qualis cena tamen! vinum quod sucida nolit lana pati: de conviva Corybanta videbis. iurgia proludunt, sed mox et pocula torques saucius et rubra deterges vulnera mappa, inter vos quotiens libertorumque cohortem pugna Saguntina fervet commissa lagona.

2. Martial, Epigram 10.45

Si quid lene **mei** dicunt et dulce **libelli**, si quid honorificum pagina blanda sonat, hoc tu pingue putas et costam rodere mavis, ilia Laurentis cum tibi demus apri.

Vaticana bibas, si delectaris aceto:
non facit ad stomachum **nostra lagona** tuum.

3. Martial, *Apophoreta* 108 (14.108)

Calices saguntini

Quae non sollicitus teneat servetque minister, sume **Saguntino** pocula facta **luto**.

4. Martial, Epigram 4.46.14-17

... et crasso figuli polita caelo septenaria synthesis **Sagunti**, Hispanae luteum rotae toreuma

5. Martial, *Epigram* 8.6.1-4, 15-16

Archetypis vetuli nihil est odiosius Eucti
—ficta Saguntino cymbia malo luto—,
argenti fumosa sui cum stemmata narrat
garrulus et verbis mucida vina facit. . .
miratus fueris cum prisca toreumata multum,
in Priami calathis Astyanacta bibes.

6. Juvenal, Satire 5.46-48

tu Beneuentani sutoris nomen habentem siccabis calicem nasorum quattuor ac iam quassatum et rupto poscentem sulpura uitro.

7. Martial, *Apophoreta* 96 (14.96)

Calices Vatinii

Vilia **sutoris calicem** monimenta Vatini accipe; sed **nasus** longior ille fuit.

But what a dinner! You get wine that fresh wool doesn't want to endure: you will see Corybants from guests. Disputes are the prelude, **but soon even you injured will hurl cups**, and you will wipe your wounds with a reddened napkin. How often battle begins with a **Saguntine flask** and rages between you and a cohort of freedmen.

If my little books say something smooth and sweet, if a flattering page sounds out an honorific, you think that this is greasy fare, and you prefer to gnaw on a rib when I give you loin of Laurentine boar. Drink Vatican wine if you like vinegar; my flask does not suit your stomach.

Saguntine cups

Take cups made of **Saguntine clay** which your servant may hold and keep without anxiety.

... a seven-piece set of **Saguntine** tableware polished with a potter's dull chisel, the muddy embossed work of a Spanish wheel . . .

Nothing is as annoying as old Euctus' originals (**I prefer cups shaped from Saguntine clay**), when he recounts the smoky pedigrees of his silver and makes the wine moldy with his chatter . . . After you have much admired the ancient embossed works, in Priam's cups you will drink Astyanax.

But you will drain a cup with four noses named after the Beneventan cobbler [i.e. Vatinius]. It is already cracked and demanding sulphur matches in exchange for its broken glass.

Vatinian cups

Accept a **cup**, a cheap memorial of the **cobbler** Vatinius, but that **nose** was longer.

Fraudulent Wealth on Display: Tableware Allusions in Juvenal's *Satire* 5 CAMWS 2022

5

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8. Martial, *Epigram* 10.3.1-6

Vernaculorum dicta, sordidum dentem, et foeda linguae probra circulatricis, quae sulphurato nolit empta ramento Vatiniorum proxeneta fractorum, poeta quidam clancularius spargit et volt videri nostra. . .

The sayings of homegrown slaves, vulgar abuse, and the ugly insults of a peddler's tongue, which a dealer of **broken Vatinians** would not want to buy for a **sulphur** match, **these a certain anonymous poet scatters around and wants them to be seen as mine** . . .

II. Virro's Expensive Cups

1. Juvenal, *Satire* 5.37-45

... Ipse capaces

Heliadum crustas et inaequales berullo
Virro tenet phialas: tibi non committitur aurum,
vel, si quando datur, custos adfixus ibidem,
qui numeret gemmas, <u>ungues observet acutos</u>.
da veniam: praeclara illi laudatur iaspis.
nam Virro, ut multi, gemmas ad pocula transfert
a digitis, quas in vaginae fronte solebat
ponere zelotypo iuvenis praelatus Iarbae.

45

Virro himself holds spacious bowls encrusted with amber and rough with beryl. His gold isn't entrusted to you, or if it is, a guard is stationed on the spot who counts the gems and watches your sharp nails. Don't blame him: his splendid jasper is praised. For Virro, like many people, transfers his jewels from his fingers to his cups—jewels which the young man preferred to jealous Iarbas was accustomed to place on the front of his scabbard.

2. Vergil, Aeneid 4.259-4

ut primum alatis tetigit magalia plantis, Aenean fundantem arces ac tecta nouantem conspicit. atque **illi stellatus iaspide fulua ensis erat** Tyrioque ardebat murice laena demissa ex umeris, diues quae munera Dido fecerat, et tenui telas discreuerat auro. So soon as [Mercury] touched the huts with winged feet, he sees Aeneas founding towers and renovating houses. And now his sword was sparkling with yellow jasper, and a cloak hung from his shoulders was burning with Tyrian purple, a gift that rich Dido had made, and she had separated the web with thread of gold.

3. Pliny the Elder, *Natural History* 37.30-31

Proximum locum in deliciis, feminarum tamen adhuc tantum, sucina optinent, eandemque omnia haec quam gemmae auctoritatem; sane priora illa aliquis de causis, crystallina frigido potu, myrrhina utroque; in sucinis causam ne deliciae quidem adhuc excogitare potuerunt. Occasio est vanitatis Graecorum detegendae: legentes modo aequo perpetiantur animo, cum hoc quoque intersit vitae scire, non quidquid illi prodidere mirandum.

260

The next place among luxuries, although up to this point only of women, is held by amber. All these substances now under discussion have the same prestige as gems; but while the two former ones have proper reasons for this, since crystal vessels are used for cold drinks and myrrhine ware are used for both hot and cold, not even luxury has been able to invent a reason for using amber. Here is an opportunity for exposing the falsehoods of the Greeks. May the readers endure these with a level mind since it is important for mankind to know that not everything which the Greeks have recounted ought to be admired.

4. Pliny the Elder, Natural History 37.76-79

Poliuntur omnes sexangula figura artificum ingeniis, quoniam hebes unitate surda color **repercussu angulorum** excitetur... Indi mire gaudent longitudine eorum solosque gemmarum esse praedicant qui **carere auro malint**... Indi et alias quidem gemmas crystallum tinguendo **adulterare invenerunt**, sed **praecipue berullos**.

All [beryls] are polished into a hexagonal shape by skilled artists, since the color, which is dull from a blunt unified form, **is excited by the reflection of angles**. . . Indians rejoice greatly in elongated beryls, and they declare that these alone of the gemstones **prefer to lack a gold setting**. . The Indians have also **discovered how to counterfeit** various gemstones, but **beryls in particular**, by staining rock crystal.

5. Maecenas to Horace (Courtney fr. 2)

Lucentes, mea vita, nec smaragdos beryllos neque, Flacce mi, nitentes <nec> percandida margarita quaero nec quos Tunnica lima perpolivit anellos nec iaspios lapillos.

Neither shining emeralds, my life, nor, my Flaccus, gleaming **beryls**, nor resplendent pearls do I seek, nor the little rings polished by Thynian file, nor **jaspery** stonelets. (trans. Petrain)

6. Augustus to Maecenas (=Macrobius, Sat. 2.4.12)

Vale meli gentium, †meculle, ebur ex Etruria, lasar Arretinum, adamas supernas, Tiberinum margaritum, Cilneorum zmaragde, **iaspi** figulorum, **berulle** Porsenae, carbunculum habeas, ἵνα συντέμω πάντα, μάλαγμα moecharum.

Farewell sweetheart of the world, sweetie, ivory from Etruria, silphium from Arezzo, diamond from up north, Tiberine pearl, the Cilnian's emerald, **jasper** of the potters, **beryl** of Porsenna, carbuncle . . . hope you get one!—to sum it all up, you emollient of adulteresses. (trans. Petrain)

III. Correspondence with Martial's Apophoreta

1. Martial, *Apophoreta* 95-96 (14.95-96)

Phiala aurea caelata

Quamvis Callaïco rubeam generosa metallo, glorior arte magis: nam Myos iste labor.

Calices Vatinii

Vilia sutoris calicem monimenta Vatini accipe; sed nasus longior ille fuit.

2. Martial, Apophoreta 108-109 (14.108-109)

Calices saguntini

Quae non sollicitus teneat servetque minister, sume Saguntino pocula facta luto.

Calices gemmati

Gemmatum Scythicis ut luceat ignibus aurum, aspice. <u>Quot digitos exuit iste calix!</u>

A chased gold bowl

Although I, noble, redden with Galician metal, I glory more in my craft, for that is the work of Mys.

Vatinian cups

Accept a **cup**, a cheap memorial of the **cobbler Vatinius**, but that nose was longer.

Saguntine cups

Take cups made of Saguntine clay which your servant may hold and keep without anxiety.

Jeweled cups

See how the jeweled gold is alight with Scythian fires. How many fingers has this cup despoiled!

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