

## *Delendane est Karthago?* Metrical Wordplay and the Text of Horace *Odes* 4.8

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### 0. The problem (lack of caesura in line 17):

*non incendia Karthaginis impiae*

'not the burning of unholy Carthage'

Metrical scheme of the *Lesser Asclepiadean*:

— — — u u — | — u u — u — (where | = required caesura)

*Karthago* < Phoenician *Qrt* - *Hdšt*

### 1. The passage (*Odes* 4.8.13–20):

*Non incisa notis marmora publicis,  
per quae spiritus et uita redit bonis  
post mortem ducibus, non celeres fugae  
reiectaque retrorsum Hannibalis minae,*

Not marble statues with their public inscriptions, that allow the breath of life to return to good generals after death; not Hannibal's headlong rout and the hurling back of his threats;

*non incendia Karthaginis impiae,  
eius qui domitā nomen ab Africā  
lucratus rediit, clarius indicant  
laudes quam Calabriae Pierides (...).*

not the burning of unholy Carthage — none of these proclaims more vividly the feats of him, who returned home from the subjugation of Africa enriched with a name, than do the Muses of Calabria (...).<sup>1</sup>

### 2. The seeming absurdity (J. N. Madvig, 1873):

What could be more perversely excogitated than to join, in one comparison, inscriptions with the very deeds of Scipio, and to say that inscriptions and victories are worse at conferring praise than poems are?

*Quid excogitari perversius potest, quam ut in hac comparatione cum marmore coniungantur ipsae res gestae  
Scipionis et hoc dicatur, non marmora et victorias melius laudes indicare quam carmina?*

### 3. The inscriptional style (*C.I.L.* 1.7.1–4):

*Cornelius Lucius Scipio Barbatus  
Gnaio patre prognatus, fortis vir sapiensque,  
quoius forma virtutei parisuma fuit,  
consol censor aidilis quei fuit apud vos (...)*

Lucius Cornelius Scipio Barbatus,  
born of his father Gnaeus, a brave and wise man,  
whose beauty was equal to his virtue,  
who was consul, censor, and aedile among you (...)

### 4. The historical inaccuracy (Bentley 1728, part i):

What is this, my good men? Did Horace have no friend (for he used to read everything to his friends before publication) who would have been able, or would have wanted, to remove such a blatant mistake? — who could have revealed to Horace the *ob-so-recherché* fact that there were *two Scipios with the cognomen Africanus*? It's absurd! Well then, you may say, what will come of this? How the heck are you going to get your Horace out of this mess? The truth is that, with Old Cato, I maintain that *Carthage must be eliminated!*

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<sup>1</sup> Translation is from the Loeb (ed. N. Rudd), slightly modified. All other translations are my own.

*Quid enim vultis, o boni? nullumne habuit amicorum (recitare enim iis sua omnia ante editionem solebat) qui tam conspicuum errorem tollere posset aut vellet? qui tam reconditum arcanum proderet, duos fuisse Scipiones cognomine Africanos? O rem ridiculam! sed interea quid fiet, dices: quo tandem pacto Venusinum tuum ex crimine evolves? Ego vero cum prisco Catone Carthaginem delendam esse censeo.*

### 5. The metrical irregularity (Bentley 1728, part ii):

Never, not once... did our poet violate this rule in the Asclepiadean meter. So we've caught the rascal interpolator red-handed! Ignorant of metrical art, he set a caesura in the middle of a word and wrote: *Non incendia Car | thaginis impiae.*

*Numquam ne semel quidem... discessit ab hac regulā Noster, in versu Asclepiadeo. Captum itaque tenemus tenebrionem, qui modorum et artis imperitus caesuram in mediā voce constituit, 'Non incendia Car | thaginis impiae'.*

### 6. Ritter's defense (edition of 1856):

#### a.) Compound words split over caesurae elsewhere in Horace:

<i>Odes 2.12.25</i>	<i>cum flagrantia detorquet ad oscula</i>	— — u u —   — u u — u — (Lesser Ascl.)
<i>Odes 1.18.16</i>	<i>arcانique fides prodiga perlucidior uitro</i>	— — u u —   — u u —   — u u — u — (Greater Ascl.)

#### b.) Roman knowledge of the etymology of Carthage (Servius on *Aeneid* 1.366):

'For Carthage is, in the Punic language, 'New City', as Livy teaches us.'

*Carthago enim est lingua Poenorum nova civitas, ut docet Livius.*

### 7. Glossing in Augustan Poetry:

#### a.) In Horace (on *Lyaeus* as 'releaser'; Λυάῖος < λύειν. λύειν = soluere):

<i>curam metumque Caesaris rerum iuuat</i>	it's nice to release one's care and fear for Caesar's affairs
<i>dulci Lyaeo soluere.</i>	with some sweet <i>Lyaeus</i> . ( <i>Ep.</i> 9.37–8)

#### b.) In Vergil (on *Dido* as 'wanderer' in Punic):

1.) <i>femina, quae nostris errans in finibus...</i>	the woman who, wandering in our land... ( <i>A.</i> 4.211)
2.) <i>uritur infelix Dido totāque uagatur urbe furens</i>	unhappy Dido burns, and in her madness wanders throughout the entire city ( <i>A.</i> 4.68–9)
3.) <i>inter quas Phoenissa recens a uulnere Dido errabat siluā in magnā</i>	among whom Punic Dido, with her wound still fresh, was wandering in a huge forest ( <i>A.</i> 6.450–1)

#### c.) In Vergil (on *Karthago* as 'New City' in Punic):

1.) ... <i>utque nouae pateant Karthaginis arces</i>	... and so that the citadels of new Carthage be open
<i>hospitio Teucris</i>	to receive the Trojans ( <i>A.</i> 1.298–9)
2.) ... <i>ubi nunc ingentia cernes</i>	... where presently you will behold the huge walls
<i>moenia surgentemque nouae Karthaginis arcem</i>	and rising citadel of new Carthage ( <i>A.</i> 1.365–6)

### 8. Similar multi-lingual metrical wordplay in Vergil?

<i>haec secum: mene incepto desistere uictam?</i>	(saying) the following to herself: 'am I to cease, defeated, from what I have begun?' ( <i>A.</i> 1.37)
<i>mēnin   -cepto</i> <i>~ μῆνιν</i>	

**APPENDIX: Conspectus Editionum**

**1.) No modifications to transmitted text.**

> THOMAS 2011; PUTNAM 1986; WICKHAM 1901.

Donarem pateras grataque commodus,  
Censorine, meis aera sodalibus,  
donarem tripodas, praemia fortium  
Graiorum; neque tu pessima munerum  
ferres, diuite me scilicet artium (5)  
quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas,  
hic saxo, liquidis ille coloribus  
sollers nunc hominem ponere, nunc deum.  
sed non haec mihi uis, nec tibi talium  
res est aut animus deliciarum egens. (10)  
gaudes carminibus: carmina possumus  
donare et pretium dicere muneri.  
non incisa notis marmora publicis,  
per quae spiritus et uita redit bonis  
post mortem ducibus, non celeres fugae(15)  
reiectaeque retrorsum Hannibalis minae,  
non incendia Karthaginis impiae  
eius qui domita nomen ab Africa  
lucratus rediit clarius indicant  
laudes quam Calabrac Pierides, neque (20)  
si chartae sileant quod bene feceris  
mercedem tuleris: quid foret Iliae  
Mauortisque puer si taciturnitas  
obstaret meritis inuida Romuli?  
ereptum Stygiis fluctibus Aeacum (25)  
uirtus et fauor et lingua potentium  
uatum diuitibus consecrat insulis:  
dignum laude uirum Musa uetat mori.  
caelo Musa beat: sic Iovis interest  
optatis epulis impiger Hercules. (30)  
clarum Tyndaridae sidus ab infimis  
quassas eripiunt aequoribus ratis,  
ornatus uiridi tempora pampino  
Liber uota bonos dicit ad exitus.

**2.) Lacuna posited after v. 32.**

> KOVACS 2009.

Donarem pateras grataque commodus,  
Censorine, meis aera sodalibus,  
donarem tripodas, praemia fortium  
Graiorum; neque tu pessima munerum  
ferres, diuite me scilicet artium (5)  
quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas,  
hic saxo, liquidis ille coloribus  
sollers nunc hominem ponere, nunc deum.  
sed non haec mihi uis, nec tibi talium  
res est aut animus deliciarum egens. (10)  
gaudes carminibus: carmina possumus  
donare et pretium dicere muneri.  
non incisa notis marmora publicis,  
per quae spiritus et uita redit bonis  
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uirtus et fauor et lingua potentium  
uatum diuitibus consecrat insulis:  
dignum laude uirum Musa uetat mori.  
caelo Musa beat: sic Iovis interest  
optatis epulis impiger Hercules. (30)  
clarum Tyndaridae sidus ab infimis  
quassas eripiunt aequoribus ratis.

<      *desunt duo*  
*uel sex uu.*      >  
 ornatus uiridi tempora pampino  
 Liber uota bonos duxit<sup>2</sup> ad exitus.

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<sup>2</sup> *duxit A B λ1 : dicit R ψ σχ*

## 3.) Two verses deleted (17 and 33).

> HARRISON 1990; KISSLING-HEINZE 1958;  
PASQUALI 1920. (BENTLEY 1728 deletes only v. 17.)

Donarem pateras grataque commodus,  
Censorine, meis aera sodalibus,  
donarem tripodas, praemia fortium  
Graiorum; neque tu pessima munerum  
  
 ferres, diuite me scilicet artium (5)  
 quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas,  
 hic saxo, liquidis ille coloribus  
 sollers nunc hominem ponere, nunc deum.  
  
 sed non haec mihi uis, nec tibi talium  
 res est aut animus deliciarum egens. (10)  
 gaudes carminibus: carmina possumus  
 donare et pretium dicere muneri.  
  
 non incisa notis marmora publicis,  
 per quae spiritus et uita redit bonis  
 post mortem ducibus, non celeres<sup>3</sup> fugae(15)  
 reiectaeque retrorsum Hannibalis minae,  
 [non incendia Karthaginis impiae]  
  
 eius qui domita nomen ab Africa  
 lucratus rediit clarius indicant  
 laudes quam Calabraise Pierides, neque (20)  
 si chartae sileant quod bene feceris  
  
 mercedem tuleris: quid foret Iliae  
 Mauortisque puer si taciturnitas  
 obstaret meritis inuida Romuli?  
 eruptum Stygiis fluctibus Aeacum (25)  
  
 uirtus et fauor et lingua potentium  
 uatum diuitibus consecrat insulis:  
 dignum laude uirum Musa uetat mori.  
 caelo Musa beat: sic Iovis interest  
  
 optatis epulis impiger Hercules. (30)  
 clarum Tyndaridae sidus ab infimis  
 quassas eripiunt aequoribus ratis,  
 [ornatus uiridi tempora pampino]  
 Liber uota bonos dicit ad exitus.

## 4.) Six verses deleted (15b-19a, 28, 33).

> SHACKLETON BAILEY 2008, KLINGNER 1959, and  
FEDELI 2008, all following LACHMANN 1846.

Donarem pateras grataque commodus,  
Censorine, meis aera sodalibus,  
donarem tripodas, praemia fortium  
Graiorum; neque tu pessima munerum  
  
 ferres, diuite me scilicet artium (5)  
 quas aut Parrhasius protulit aut Scopas,  
 hic saxo, liquidis ille coloribus  
 sollers nunc hominem ponere, nunc deum.  
  
 sed non haec mihi uis, nec tibi talium  
 res est aut animus deliciarum egens. (10)  
 gaudes carminibus: carmina possumus  
 donare et pretium dicere muneri.  
  
 non incisa notis marmora publicis,  
 per quae spiritus et uita redit bonis  
 post mortem ducibus, [non celeres fugae(15)  
 reiectaeque retrorsum Hannibalis minae,  
 non incendia Karthaginis impiae  
 eius qui domita nomen ab Africa  
 lucratus rediit] clarius indicant  
 laudes quam Calabraise Pierides, neque (20)  
  
 si chartae sileant quod bene feceris  
 mercedem tuleris: quid foret Iliae  
 Mauortisque puer si taciturnitas  
 obstaret meritis inuida Romuli?  
  
 eruptum Stygiis fluctibus Aeacum (25)  
 uirtus et fauor et lingua potentium  
 uatum diuitibus consecrat insulis:  
 [dignum laude uirum Musa uetat mori.]  
 caelo Musa beat: sic Iovis interest  
  
 optatis epulis impiger Hercules. (30)  
 clarum Tyndaridae sidus ab infimis  
 quassas eripiunt aequoribus ratis,  
 [ornatus uiridi tempora pampino]  
 Liber uota bonos dicit ad exitus.

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<sup>3</sup> celebres Harrison.

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