Fourth Annual College Greek Exam (2012)

TIME: 50 MINUTES       DO NOT USE A DICTIONARY
Write YOUR NAME at the top left-hand portion of your answer sheet. Write YOUR LAST NAME FIRST. Be sure to FILL IN THE BUBBLES under your name. DO NOT change the identification number on the sheet or add any additional information.

Mark the correct choice ON YOUR ANSWER SHEET. There is only one correct answer/choice for each question. Choose the BEST POSSIBLE ANSWER.

1. The form of the definite article that agrees with μητρός is
   a. ὁ      c. τάς
   b. τό      d. τῆς

2. εἷλον serves as a tense of what verb?
   a.  αἱρέω     c.  ὁράω
   b.  εἶμι    d.  λέγω

3. The form which agrees with (modifies) φύσεως is
   a. πονηρῶς     c. πονηρᾶς
   b. πονηροῦ     d. πονηρῶν

4. Which of the following gives the command “Laugh!”
   a. γελᾷς        c. γέλασον
   b. γελῶ     d. γελάσασθαι

5. The form μεῖναι is a(n)
   a. aorist infinitive   c. plural noun
   b. present infinitive    d. feminine participle

6. Choose the pronoun that fits correctly into this sentence: τὰ δῶρα _____ἐπέμπομεν καλὰ ἦν.
   a. ὃ     c. ἣ
   b. ὃς      d. ἃ

7. The sentence μανθάνομεν ὅτι ἡ ἀνάγκη ἄρχει τῶν ἀνθρώπων is virtually equivalent to:
   a. δεῖ τοὺς ἀνθρώπους μανθάνειν.
   b. δεῖ ἡμᾶς διδάσκειν τοὺς ἀνθρώπους.
   c. μανθάνομεν τὴν ἀνάγκην ἄρχειν τῶν ἀνθρώπων.
   d. μανθάνει ἡ ἀνάγκη ἡμᾶς ἄρχειν τῶν ἀνθρώπων.
8. Which verb has the appropriate accent over the correct syllable?
   a. ἐγελώμεν  c. ἐγῆλομεν
   b. γελώμεν  d. ἐγελώμεν

9. What is the tense of διδασκόμεθα?
   a. perfect  c. future
   b. aorist  d. present

10. The underlined words in οἱ στρατιῶται ἔφερον τὰς ἐπιστολὰς καὶ ἔτρεχον εἰς τὴν πόλιν can be replaced by:
    a. φέροντες  c. φέρομένας
    b. φέρειν  d. φερούσας

11. Making the person of ἐφίλει plural yields the form
    a. φιλοῦσι  c. ἐφιλοῦμεν
    b. ἐφίλουν  d. ἐφιλού

12. The tense of τίθησι is
    a. present  c. aorist
    b. imperfect  d. perfect

13. The superlative degree of the adverb πονηρῶς is:
    a. ως πονηρός  c. ως πονηρότατος
    b. πονηρότερον  d. πονηρότατα

14. The dative plural of βασιλεύς is
    a. βασιλέων  c. βασιλεῖ
    b. βασιλέως  d. βασιλεῦσιν

15. Choose the imperfect tense that corresponds to βάλλουσιν:
    a. ἔβαλον  c. ἔβαλλον
    b. βαλοῦσιν  d. ἐβάλλοντο

16. οἱ γαμοῦντες become
    a. clowns  c. the essence of being
    b. letters of the alphabet  d. husbands

17. Fill in the blank: ὁ Ἡρακλῆς ἐστι βελτίων ____________.
    a. ὁ Περσεύς  c. τοῦ Περσέως
    b. αἱ Ἀθῆναι  d. τοῖς Ἀθηναίοις
18. Which prose writer explained the history of the wars between Greeks and Persians?
   a. Ἀριστοτέλης     c. Ἐσωκυδίδης  
b. Ἡρόδοτος       d. Ἐξοφόρων

19. The adjective that agrees with the noun ἄρχων is
   a. εὐδαίμονων     c. ἀξίων 
b. εὐδαίμων       d. ἀξίον

20. The case of ἡμῖν is
   a. nominative      c. dative 
b. genitive         d. accusative

21. The tense and mood of πεφιλήκειν are
   a. perfect imperative  c. pluperfect indicative 
b. perfect infinitive   d. perfect indicative

22. Choose the correct adjective to complete this sentence: βλέπομεν ____ τὰς γυναῖκας.
   a. ἀληθής     c. πάντας  
b. ἡδύς       d. ταύτας

23. Where did the Spartans fight a famous battle?
   a. Μυκῆναι     c. Θερμοπύλαι 
b. Μαραθών       d. Θῆβαι

24. Which phrase expresses the underlined words? We blocked the pass with (by means of) our bodies.
   a. τῷ σώματι       c. ὑπὸ τῶν σωμάτων 
b. τοῖς σώμασι   d. ἀπὸ τῶν σωμάτων

25. The present middle participle that corresponds to the aorist active participle πείσαντες is
   a. πεισάμενοι     c. πειθόμενοι  
b. πείθοντες       d. πιπτόμενοι

26. Choose the noun that fits correctly into this sentence: οὐ χρήματα δίδομεν ____ κακαῖς.
   a. ἀνδρί     c. γυναικί  
b. ἀνδράσι       d. γυναιξί
27. Choose the best translation for τὸ τοῦ ἐκείνου τοῦ ἵππου σώματος εἶδος καλὸν.
   a. It’s a fine thing to see that man’s horse.
   b. The appearance of that horse’s body is beautiful.
   c. That man has a horse with a handsome appearance.
   d. The beautiful appearance belongs to the horse.

28. The English adjective pathetic derives from the third principal part of the verb
   a. πάσχω
   b. πείθω
   c. πέμπω
   d. πίπτω

29. οὐδένα is a form of which word?
   a. ὁδός
   b. αὐτός
   c. οὗτος
   d. οὐδείς

30. Choose the correct noun to complete this sentence: τὰ τοῦ κόσμου _____ ἀληθῆ ἔστιν.
   a. γυνή
   b. εἴδη
   c. ἐλπίδα
   d. ὁδός

Answer questions 31-40 based on the passage below. In his essay On the Education of Children (Περὶ παίδων ἀγωγής, 9b-c), Plutarch discusses how much effort fathers should use when pushing their children to excel.

1 πατέρες τινὲς σπεύδοντες τοὺς παῖδας ταχέως πρωτεῦσαι πόνους
2 αὐτοῖς ὑπερμέτρους ἐπιβάλλουσιν, οἷς ἀπαυδῶντες ἐκ πίπτουσι
3 καὶ βαρυνόμενοι ταῖς κακοπαθείαις χαλεπῶς δέχονται τὴν
4 μάθησιν. ὥσπερ γὰρ τὰ φυτὰ τοῖς μὲν μετρίοις ὕδασι τρέφεται,
5 τοῖς δὲ πολλοῖς πάσχει, οὕτως καὶ ἡ ψυχὴ τοῖς μὲν συμμέτροις
6 αὔξεται πόνοις, τοῖς δὲ ὑπερβάλλουσι βαπτίζεται. δεὶ οὖν τοῖς
7 παισίν ἀναπνοὴν τῶν πόνων διδόναι.
31. The mood of \( \text{πρωτεύω} \) (line 1) is
a. infinitive          c. participle
b. indicative          d. imperative

32. In line 2, \( \text{oίς} \) refers to what noun or pronoun (i.e., what is its antecedent)?
a. \( \text{πατέρες} \) (line 1)          c. \( \text{πόνους} \) (line 1)
b. \( \text{παιδας} \) (line 1)          d. \( \text{αὐτοῖς} \) (line 2)

33. In lines 1-2, why do some fathers treat their children as they do?
a. Their children are eager to be first.
b. The children throw pains on their fathers.
c. The fathers are eager for their children to excel.
d. The fathers believe their children suffer too much pain.

34. Lines 2-4 (\( \text{oίς...μάθησιν} \)) suggest children do not like their lessons because
a. They are stressed out.
b. The lessons move too quickly.
c. They are not physically fit enough to lift their heavy burdens.
d. Their teachers do not introduce the lessons nicely.

35. The word which \( \text{πολλοῖς} \) (in line 5) agrees with (modifies) is
a. \( \text{φυτὰ} \) (line 4)          c. \( \text{oὕτως} \) (line 5)
b. \( \text{ὕδατι} \) (line 4)          d. \( \text{πόνοις} \) (line 6)

36. According to lines 4-5 (\( \text{ὥσπερ...πάσχει} \)) we learn that
a. Plants thrive on a moderate amount of water.
b. Plants can nourish only so much water.
c. Many plants suffer when nourished with water.
d. Many plants suffer when children grow them.

37. The word \( \text{ὑπερβάλλουσι} \) (line 6) is
a. an infinitive complementary with \( \text{βαπτίζεται} \)
b. an infinitive complementary with \( \text{αὔξεται} \)
c. a present active verb in the third-person plural
d. a participle in the dative case
38. What case and number is παισίν (line 7)?
   a. nominative singular
   b. dative plural
   c. accusative singular
   d. nominative plural

39. The word διδόναι (line 7) is
   a. an infinitive complementary with δεῖ (line 6)
   b. an adjective modifying παισίν (line 7)
   c. the subject (nominative) of the sentence
   d. a participle in the nominative case

40. In lines 5-7 (οὕτως … διδόναι), Plutarch concludes that
   a. Children should pause to receive gifts when they are overwhelmed.
   b. Children will surpass their peers in order to take a break.
   c. Children should be pushed moderately in their lessons.
   d. Growing a plant helps children rest from pain.

ΤΕΛΟΣ
(The End)